



What Does It Mean to Be Age-Friendly at Home in the Home Setting?

An initiative of The John A. Hartford Foundation and the institute for Healthcare Improvement (IHI) in partnership with the American Hospital Association (AHA) and the Catholic Health Association of the United States (CHA).

THE 4MS ARE PRACTICED AS A SET	PRACTICE*
WHAT MATTERS Know and align care with each older adult's specific health outcome goals and care preferences, including but not limited to, supportive care services, advance care planning, end-of-life care and across settings of care.	 Ask the older adult What Matters most, document it, and share What Matters across the care team If the older adult's health care decisions are made by a family member, caregiver, or surrogate decision maker/DPOA ask what Matters most for the older adult Align the plan of care with What Matters most
MEDICATION If medication is necessary, use age-friendly medication that does not interfere with What Matters to the older adult, Mobility or Mentation across settings of care.	 Review for any potentially high-risk medication and, where applicable, appropriate and up-to-date medication use, document it and communicate it to the prescriber(s), and family/caregiver/surrogate decision maker/DPOA, and the care team Deprescribe or avoid any high-risk medication and, where applicable, appropriate and up-to-date medication use and document and communicate changes to the prescriber(s), and family/caregiver/surrogate decision maker/DPOA, and the care team Medications for consideration include benzodiazepines, opiods, highly anticholinergic medications, all prescription and over-the-counter sedatives and sleep medications, muscle relaxants, tricyclic, antidepressants, antipsychotic
MENTATION Prevent, identify, treat and manage depression and dementia across settings of care.	 Screen for depression and document results and communicate the results to the family/caregiver/surrogate decision maker/DPOA, and the care team Screen for cognitive changes, document and communicate the results to the family/caregiver/surrogate decision maker/DPOA, and the care team Identify and manage factors contributing to depression and/or refer out Consider further evaluation and manage manifestations of cognitive changes, educate older adults and caregivers and/or refer out Consider employing, where applicable, delirium prevention strategies in the home
MOBILITY Ensure that each older adult moves safely every day to maintain function and do What Matters.	 Ensure older adults have their personal adaptive equipment and know how to use it safely Screen for mobility risks and limitations, document and communicate the results Screen for environmental hazards, document and communicate the results of home safety assessment Ensure consistent and routine mobility in the home setting.

*How the 4Ms are practiced and translated to the home setting of care

Age-Friendly Health Systems Summary of 4Ms Key Actions for Care at Home Providers

ASSESS	ACTION
Know about the 4Ms for each older adult in your care	Incorporate the 4Ms into care delivery and document in the patient's plan of care

KEY ACTIONS TO OCCUR REGULARLY WITH EACH VISIT OR WITH CHANGE IN CONDITION

- Ask the older adult What Matters to them, including their health outcome goals and care preferences.
- Document What Matters and ensure that all team members are aware of What Matters for this older adult.
- Review for high-risk medication use, polypharmacy, adverse drug events, medication near misses, drug contraindications, effective monitoring
- Review for the use of alcohol, marijuana and illegal drug use.
- Screen for depression on admission; and with change in condition throughout the episode of care.
- Screen for cognitive changes on admission; and with change in condition
- > Screen for mobility risk and limitations
- Screen for environmental hazards

- Align the plan of care/service plan with What Matters to the patient
- Deprescribe or do not prescribe potentially high risk medications or those that interfere with What Matters.
- Identify concurrent use of alcohol, marijuana/CBD and recreational/illegal drug
- Optimize all other medications
- Promote sufficient oral hydration
- > Promote sufficient nutritional intake
- Employ, where applicable, delirium prevention strategies in the home
- Identify and manage factors contributing to depression, consider further evaluation and/or referral
- Identify and manage factors and/or behaviors related to cognitive changes; consider further evaluation and/or referral
- Ensure that older adults have their personal adaptive equipment, and they know how to use it safely
- > Identify and promote mitigation of environmental hazards
- > Promote frequent and safe mobility